

Established 1825

Reporter

Summer 2026

**Eradicating
slavery is
my duty**

- Remembering Boubacar Ould Messaoud
- A look at modern slavery in cyber scam centres
- Protect worker's rights throughout supply chains

Freedom is a fundamental right

Founded in 1839, Anti-Slavery International is the oldest international human rights organisation in the world. We began fighting to eliminate the transatlantic slave trade and today, we're still fighting to end all forms of slavery and slavery-like practices around the world.

Our vision is to realise freedom from slavery for everyone, everywhere, always. We aim to do this by:

- Making the end of slavery everyone's concern;
- Acting as an ally to survivors and people at risk of slavery, elevating their voices and experiences to create radical change; and
- Challenging and changing law, policy and practice so everyone, everywhere can be free from slavery.

The Reporter magazine was established in 1825 and has been continuously published since 1840.

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Tell us what you want from the Reporter

By reading the Reporter, you're part of a movement that has its roots in the transatlantic slave trade abolition movement. We're always keen to learn from our supporters and members and would love to hear what you'd like to see in the magazine. Please drop us an email at media@antislavery.org with any ideas, suggestions and comments – and thank you for being part of our movement.

Follow us

Please follow us on LinkedIn, Facebook, Instagram and BlueSky to keep up to date with our campaigns – you can find links to our social media on our website antislavery.org.

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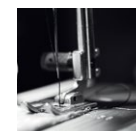
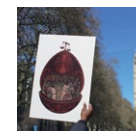
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Our exclusive free Will offer with Farewill

Write your Will for free to help secure freedom for everyone, everywhere. Always.



Welcome to your Summer 2026 Reporter

Thank you for being part of a global movement to end slavery so that everyone, everywhere can live free from exploitation. It has been 100 years since the 1926 slavery convention, an international treaty to suppress and, ultimately, abolish slavery in all its forms. Yet, despite decades of progress and the tireless efforts of campaigners worldwide, more than 50 million people continue to live in slavery today. That's why, alongside supporters like you, we continue to challenge injustice and campaign for freedom across the world.

In this edition of the Reporter, we spotlight our vital work with our partners, survivors in Mauritania, and advocacy for child protection in Niger.

We also hear from experts on the challenges that survivors of modern slavery face in the UK, and what needs to be done so they are better supported and protected.

If we're going to eradicate modern slavery, we need businesses to take responsibility for their supply chains. Nearly 900 of you joined us in asking the UK Government to pass stronger laws to hold companies to account. We were disappointed not to see this addressed in the recent King's Speech,

INTRODUCTION



Mark Goldring
Anti-Slavery International
Interim Chief Executive

but we will continue to call on the government to pass stronger laws.

Technology has transformed how we work, travel, and even have our food delivered. But convenience sometimes comes at a cost to workers' rights and human dignity. On page 16, we consider the risks of the 'platform economy', where digital platforms or apps connect workers with customers.

As technology continues to evolve rapidly, it also creates new forms of exploitation. Many of us will know someone who has been targeted by a cyber scam, or maybe we've been caught up in one ourselves. But what we may not be aware of are the people being exploited on the other side of that scam call or email.

From conflict to climate change, digital connectivity to deep wealth inequalities, we are facing challenges that perpetuate old forms of exploitation while creating new ones. What is our joint responsibility in confronting slavery in this fast-changing world? As you read this Reporter, we invite you to reflect on this question.

FEATURE

Remembering Boubacar Ould Messaoud

(1945–2026)

On 12 March 2026, the anti-slavery movement lost one of its most courageous and influential leaders. Boubacar Ould Messaoud, founder and President of SOS Esclaves and a lifelong campaigner against slavery in Mauritania, died at the age of 80.

Born to enslaved parents in southern Mauritania, Boubacar dedicated his life to challenging a system that had trapped generations of people in descent-based slavery. He often said his fight began on his first day of school, when he insisted on receiving an education despite discrimination because of his background.

What is descent-based slavery?

Niger, Mauritania, and Mali are among the last countries where people are born into slavery. Known as descent-based slavery, people are 'owned' by a 'master' and face a lifetime of forced labour and abuse. Escaping can be extremely difficult, and those who do often face stigma and barriers to rebuilding their lives.



President Boubacar Ould Messaoud

For decades, Boubacar publicly denounced slavery when few others would, endured harassment and imprisonment, and continued campaigning despite threats to his safety. His determination helped bring slavery out of the shadows and push it into national debate.

As he once said:

“Eradicating slavery is my duty, and I would sacrifice my life for it.”

Leading the movement for freedom

Boubacar's activism began as an early member of the El Hor movement. El Hor, meaning 'the free', was founded in 1978, to fight for the liberation of the Haratine community and the eradication of slavery in Mauritania.

In 1995, Boubacar co-founded SOS Esclaves, one of Mauritania's first organisations dedicated to exposing slavery, demanding justice for survivors, and protecting the human rights of people of slave descent.

Speaking openly about slavery carried enormous risks. Yet under Boubacar's leadership, SOS Esclaves documented abuses, supported people escaping slavery, and pushed relentlessly for legal reform.

SOS Esclaves played a central role in the criminalisation of slavery in 2007, bringing international attention to an issue long hidden from view.

Working together

Anti-Slavery International has worked alongside SOS Esclaves for two decades to support people in descent-based slavery, helping them access justice and rebuild their lives in freedom.

Together we have supported people escaping slavery, providing shelter, education, vocational training, legal assistance and employment opportunities, while helping families secure freedom for relatives still in slavery and advocating for stronger enforcement of anti-slavery laws.

We have also strengthened SOS Esclaves activists across Mauritania, supported advocacy and communications work, and contributed to some of the only successful prosecutions of enslavers in Mauritania's history.



Credit: Courtesy of SOS Esclaves

Despite progress, major challenges remain. So, SOS Esclaves' work remains as important as ever.

Continuing his legacy

Boubacar believed that every person deserves dignity, freedom and equal rights. His work transformed lives in Mauritania, inspired anti-slavery activists across Africa and strengthened the global movement to end slavery.

While we mourn his passing, we also celebrate a remarkable legacy of courage, persistence and hope.

The fight that Boubacar devoted his life to is not over. We will build on his work until no one is born into slavery and everyone can live in freedom.

Securing ID cards for people affected by descent-based slavery

Having access to legal identity documents, like our birth certificate, is a fundamental human right – and essential to securing all our other rights. But in some parts of the world, such as the West African Sahel, many children are not registered at birth or even later in life.

Without birth certificates or identity documents, people are effectively invisible to the state. This has important human rights implications. Education, healthcare, formal employment, legal protection and social services all depend on birth registration.

Birth registration and slavery

Not being registered at birth is both a consequence and an enabler of slavery today, including descent-based slavery.

People in descent-based slavery live under the full control of so-called 'masters' and are exploited for their labour. They can't move freely, and don't have their own money or access to information about their rights.

As they are born into slavery and seen as being the 'property' of slave-owning families, survivors and people of slave descent often don't have legal identification.

Not having identity documents can:



Credit: Apsatou Bagaya for Tjmidria

- Prevent people from leaving situations where they are being exploited and abused, as they can't prove their identity outside of the 'master's' household
- Stop people from getting the support they need to rebuild their lives and live in freedom
- Limit or stop people from getting education, healthcare, formal employment, legal protection, and the right to vote.

Many people who escape slavery report that, as well as not being able to access services themselves, their children are prevented from attending school. This means the impact of being enslaved continues into the next generation.

Without identity documents, people's freedom remains fragile, and they are at risk of being exploited. Addressing the barriers to getting identification documents is essential to preventing modern slavery and protecting and supporting survivors and people of slave descent.

How can an ID support a life of freedom?

Watch this explainer:





Working to end forced child begging

Around one in four people living in modern slavery today are children.

That's 12 million children who, instead of playing and going to school, are being exploited for someone else's profit.

One of the ways this is happening is through forced begging.

What do we mean by 'forced child begging'?

This is when children are forced to collect money on the streets. They are threatened with violence and abuse if they don't meet begging quotas.

In parts of West Africa, such as Niger, situations like extreme poverty can push children into forced begging. For example, in some religious schools, if families can't afford school fees,

children will often be forced to 'pay their own way'.

Children may also spend several hours a day doing other work like collecting wood, working on local farms, or doing domestic work in their teacher's home. This leaves them with very little time to study, rest or play.

What are we doing about it?

Together with our partner EPAD – Ecole et Actions de Développement in Niger, we have been pushing for stronger laws that protect children, make sure religious education is regulated, and support children, families and communities.

Every child deserves to enjoy their childhood. We must act now to support children and bring an end to forced child begging.

Forced begging means some children are missing out on many of their rights. Share this video and raise awareness:



Follow our partners for updates on their work:



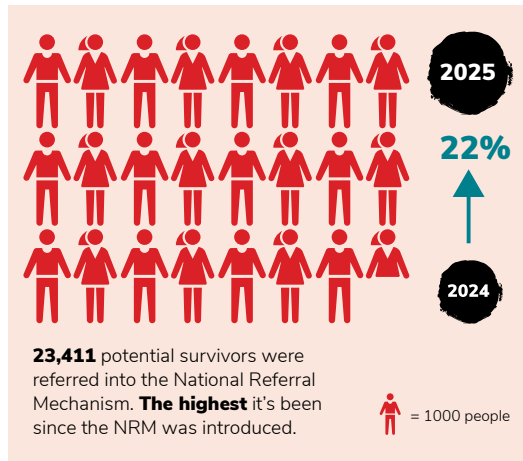
The fight for freedom continues: what the latest figures tell us

Every survivor of slavery should be able to recover in safety and security. Each year, the UK Government publishes statistics showing how many potential survivors of modern slavery have been identified and referred for support. The 2025 figures show that modern slavery remains a serious issue in the UK and highlight ongoing challenges within the National Referral Mechanism (NRM), the UK's system for identifying and supporting survivors.

In 2025, there was a sharp rise in anonymous reports to the UK Home Office about suspected adult victims of modern slavery. A report by the UK's Independent Anti-Slavery Commissioner suggests that, for many people who experience exploitation, they do not feel able to come forward because of fear of detention and deportation.

Waiting times for decisions about whether someone is recognised as a victim of modern slavery or human trafficking have fallen, reducing periods of uncertainty for survivors. But while it is positive that survivors can spend less time in limbo, speed must not come at the expense of quality.

Many decisions were also changed after review. In 2025, 78% of requests to reconsider negative decisions about



whether someone was a victim of modern slavery were reversed. This raises concerns about whether initial decisions are consistently fair and accurate.

Taking action against modern slavery remains urgent

The UK Government must strengthen frontline responses and put survivors' rights first.

With your support, we will continue campaigning for stronger protections and a system that responds effectively to exploitation. By supporting our campaigns and raising awareness of our work, you're helping push for a future where everyone can live free from slavery.

How is the UK doing in tackling modern slavery?

Find out in this blog:



Time for stronger action on modern slavery

“We don’t want our Easter eggs to be linked to forced labour.”

This was the message our movement sent to the UK Government back in April.

Over 900 of you sent postcards to former Prime Minister Keir Starmer, Chancellor Rachel Reeves, and Business and Trade Secretary Peter Kyle, demanding change.

Forced labour and human trafficking are rife in the chocolate industry. In fact, many of the everyday products

we use and consume, like our fruits and vegetables, our phones, and our clothes, could be linked to forced labour.

Right now, UK laws do not require businesses to prevent forced labour in their supply chains. A Business, Human Rights and Environment Act would help make sure businesses can't continue to profit from human rights and environmental harms.

Credit: Anti-Slavery International



Calling for action

In the last year alone, we've heard countless stories of migrant workers getting exploited on UK farms, goods made with forced labour entering the country, and survivors of trafficking being turned away because they were not believed. Behind all these headlines are real people who are experiencing modern slavery on the Government's watch. The problem will not go away on its own. If we do not act urgently, modern slavery will continue to grow in the UK and around the world.

So, ahead of the King's Speech, we ramped up efforts to call the UK Government to:

- reprioritise modern slavery
- improve protection and support for survivors
- and pass laws for corporate accountability.

We were deeply disappointed that, when the government set its priorities for the year, it instead chose to double down on harmful narratives, including un-evidenced claims of 'abuse' of the modern slavery system. This only contributes to creating an environment where survivors are not believed.

In recent years, the UK Government has focused on a policy of immigration enforcement, making support and identification mechanisms unequal and harder to access. The proposed changes to the asylum system fail to



consider how insecure immigration status can put people at greater risk of being exploited.

There is also clear and growing evidence that the Modern Slavery Act 2015 has failed to prevent modern slavery in global supply chains. We need stronger corporate accountability.

It is time for the government to re-prioritise the fight against modern slavery

If we really want to build a fairer Britain, then the UK Government must remember its responsibility to protect and support survivors of modern slavery and human trafficking by tackling the root causes of exploitation and creating an environment where survivors are able to come forward.

The government must also prioritise the introduction of a Business, Human Rights and Environment Act that compels businesses to identify, prevent and address human rights and environmental harms in their value chains. This must be accompanied by import controls to prevent goods made with forced labour from entering the UK market.

Want to take part in our next action to stop modern slavery? Sign up to our mailing list:





Experts shaping the future of the fight against modern slavery

If we're going to end modern slavery and make sure survivors have the support they need, we need as many experts as possible on our side. As part of our work to make sure local authorities can support survivors effectively, we joined forces with a team of advocates, authors and specialists. Here, they share some of their thoughts.

Emily Vaughn

Emily is a leading expert on modern slavery and human trafficking, author of *Enslaved*, and contributor to major survivor-led initiatives including the Survivor Care Standards and the Slavery Self-Identification Tool.



“Modern slavery is often hidden in plain sight. Without targeted, role-specific training, professionals may overlook subtle signs of exploitation that do not fit what we think modern slavery looks like.

High-quality training strengthens understanding of the Modern Slavery Act 2015, safeguarding duties and of the National Referral Mechanism. It can help reduce uncertainty and increase timely decision-making. It also embeds trauma-informed practice to help practitioners understand why victims may appear fearful, disengaged, loyal to exploiters, or reluctant to disclose abuse.

Importantly, training challenges unconscious bias and myths about what a victim 'looks like'. It supports early intervention and prevention by equipping housing officers, environmental health staff, licensing teams, and community safety practitioners to recognise patterns of exploitation and disrupt them sooner.

”

Joy Ebizo

Joy is an advocate and consultant on modern slavery and human trafficking who has advised on research projects and contributed to national and international discussions on exploitation and survivor support.



“Justice plays a crucial role in recovery. Survivors need justice because it gives them peace and allows them to see that their lives matter, their existence counts and that society recognises the harm that has been done to them.

Yet many survivors remain in limbo for years due to systemic failures by multiple agencies, delays, and barriers to accessing quality legal representation. In many cases, there is insufficient evidence to prosecute exploiters. And, when survivors were forced to commit offences as part of their exploitation, they are often more likely to be criminalised than the perpetrators themselves.

This imbalance sends a troubling message. When victims are punished while traffickers escape accountability, perpetrators are emboldened and survivors are left further marginalised.

”

Kimberley Hutchinson

Kimberley is a consultant and policy specialist with expertise in modern slavery, exploitation and trauma-informed practice. Her work focuses on ethical lived experience engagement, safeguarding and survivor-centred policy development.



“Safeguarding cannot function effectively in an environment where the rules appear to change overnight or are interpreted through ideological lenses rather than statutory frameworks.

Particularly alarming is the growing narrative that appears to endorse a two-tiered approach to identifying and supporting British nationals versus migrants, fuelled by misleading media rhetoric. The same rhetoric feeds into the very systemic inequalities that contribute to child exploitation and street gang culture.

Without listening to subject-matter experts, without rigorous evidence-checking, and without human-rights-based and legally informed training, those in positions of responsibility are not safeguarding; they are gambling.

Training is a protective mechanism. It ensures that law is applied as intended, that bias is challenged, and that survivors are identified and supported based on rights, not rhetoric.

”

The hidden cost of fashion

As more of us become interested in sustainability, many brands are highlighting their ethical and environmental commitments.

But dig deeper into supply chains and you can find exploitation and environmental harm at every stage of production, including raw materials. This includes cases of state-imposed forced labour, where governments themselves are forcing people to work. Cotton production in the Uyghur Region of China and in Turkmenistan has been linked to state-imposed forced labour. Despite corporate pledges, cotton from these regions can still enter global supply chains. Complex production networks make it difficult to trace where materials come

Working together to end forced labour in cotton supply chains

The Cotton Campaign is a global coalition working to end forced labour and protect workers' rights in cotton and textile supply chains in Central Asia, with a focus on Uzbekistan and Turkmenistan. We're proud to be a part of this coalition, using research, advocacy and supply chain accountability tools to hold governments and businesses accountable and support vital change for workers.



Credit: J. Williams

from, allowing labour abuses to remain hidden and unchecked.

These abuses are also happening closer to home. A 2020 investigation into garment factories in Leicester found workers paid as little as £3 an hour and working in unsafe conditions. Similar cases have been found in Italy. "Made in the UK" or "Made in Europe" does not guarantee that our clothes are free from exploitation.

The same systems exploiting workers are also causing environmental harm, from overproduction and waste to pollution affecting workers and communities.

We need stronger laws to stop exploitation.

A different future is possible, but it depends on placing human rights and environmental protections at the heart of fashion. Until then, workers and the planet will continue to bear the hidden cost of what we wear.

To learn more,
read our guest blog at
Fashion Revolution:



The human cost of our things: Uyghur forced labour

When we shop for everyday items, we may be unknowingly buying goods made with forced labour. Things like tomato purée and solar panels in the UK have all been linked to forced labour.

Every government has a duty to protect its citizens. But in some parts of the world, that very institution is violating their human rights. In the Uyghur Region of China, Uyghurs and other Turkic and Muslim-majority peoples have been forced to work by the Chinese Government. In February 2026, we launched an appeal to shine a light on the issue. Uyghur people have faced arbitrary detention and experienced prison labour and labour transfer programmes, which means that Uyghur people are being separated from their families, culture, and religion, and being subjected to forced labour in other parts of the country.

Global supply chains across industries are directly linked to Uyghur forced labour. For example, around 20% of the world's cotton comes from the

Uyghur Region (learn more about forced labour in the fashion industry on page 14). And Uyghur forced labour also shows up in produce, and materials used in renewable energy.

Businesses and governments have a direct role to play in addressing Uyghur forced labour, but without sustained pressure, they can ignore these abuses more easily and continue profiting from forced labour.

“This is not something that happened in the past, in history. It is happening.

**Rahima Mahmut,
Stop Uyghur Genocide**

Together, we can keep the pressure up, to ensure the goods we buy are not the products of exploitation.

Watch journalist
Maya Burnand's
documentary 'Made in Italy'
on Uyghur forced labour:



The changing face of exploitation in the digital age

From food delivery and taxis to courier services, digital technologies are reshaping the world of work. But as technology evolves, so do the ways people can be exploited.

On June 12, 2026, the International Labour Conference (ILO) adopted the first global treaty to set binding labour standards for app-based workers. The convention addresses long-standing gaps in protection for workers whose jobs are managed through digital labour platforms.

The 'platform economy' refers to businesses that use digital platforms or apps to connect workers with customers. These companies can expand quickly and reduce costs, while customers benefit from fast and convenient services. But some workers might be paying a hidden price.

The risk of exploitation and forced labour

Workers are often classified as independent contractors rather than employees, meaning they may not receive sick pay, holiday pay or stable working. Many platform workers experience insecure working conditions, low pay and limited legal protections, and some report



Credit: Art Ribeiro

feeling controlled by algorithms that determine how much work they receive and how much they earn.

Workers may feel pressured to accept unsafe or unfair conditions because they are afraid of losing income. Some workers also take on debt to secure jobs or migrate for work, making it harder to leave poor working conditions or challenge unfair treatment. Combined with unstable pay and limited labour protections, these pressures can make workers more vulnerable to being exploited.

As digital work models continue to grow, labour protections must keep up. Technology should improve lives, not create new ways to exploit people.

Read our report on exploitation risks in the platform economy and learn what protections workers need:



Do you want to learn more about technology and modern slavery? Check out this post:



Modern slavery in cyber scam centres

Have you ever received a phone call from an unknown number asking for your bank details? The person calling you might be in a situation of forced labour.

We partnered with Civic Studios to shed light on the experiences of people exploited by the scamming industry in a new micro-drama series.

Scam City follows the story of Maya, who, in the first episode, is seen carrying out a 'romance scam'. But it's soon revealed that she was trafficked into a scam compound in Cambodia. Now trapped, she is forced to carry out scams under threat of violence.

Throughout the series, Maya's daily life is uncovered as she tries to find a way out.

Real lives

Maya's story is fictional, but it is, unfortunately, many people's reality.

In a growing crisis, people are being lured under false pretences, and trafficked into scamming networks.

Workers in scam compounds may experience extreme physical and psychological violence. Survivors have reported wage theft, debt bondage – where an individual is forced to work to pay off a loan or debt – detention, long working hours, overcrowded living conditions and more.

For survivors who flee or are rescued from scam compounds, life doesn't simply return to normal.

Many may be left with physical and psychological scars, struggle to reintegrate into society, and face financial hardship and unemployment. Many may also be unable or unwilling to return home due to fear of punishment for crimes they were forced to commit while being held in forced labour.

What needs to happen?

No one should ever be stripped of their rights and forced to commit crimes.

We must continue raising awareness about the number of scams growing across the world, and at the same time, address the grave human rights abuses happening within this growing industry.

Watch the full series:





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Reporter
Summer 2026London Landmarks
cheer team, BethanLondon Marathon
runner, OlaEleanor and Victoria
London Landmarks
2026Eleanor, Summer & Lauren
London Landmarks

Run for Team Anti-Slavery International in 2027

Fancy taking on one of our challenge events next year? We have some places available!

Whether you're a seasoned runner or taking on your first challenge, training and fundraising are great ways to get out of your comfort zone and boost your confidence, while raising awareness of the campaign to end slavery.

Here's what some of this year's runners had to say:

What inspired you to run for Anti-Slavery International?

"Learning that slavery still exists today is something I've always found deeply upsetting, and Anti-Slavery International's work to challenge this and protect people's freedom really resonated with me. I wanted to turn that concern into action by supporting a cause that stands up for human dignity.

I hope it sparks awareness and reminds people that change can start with small, personal actions".

Ola, 2026 London Marathon runner



What advice would you give to someone taking on a challenge for us?

"Believe in the reason you're doing it; that's what carries you on the days when everything in you says no. The cause has to be real to you. This one is real to me. [In my work] I've seen the realities of human rights abuses and poor labour practices in supply chains and domestic work. Anti-Slavery International sits at the heart of everything I care about professionally and personally."

Victoria, 2026 London Landmarks Half Marathon runner



You can find the full Q&As with these runners on Instagram and Facebook.

Thank you again to this year's amazing runners Ola, Summer, Lauren, Victoria, Rob, and Eleanor! Feeling inspired to take on a challenge next year?

Register your interest here:



ACTION

Reporter
Summer 2026

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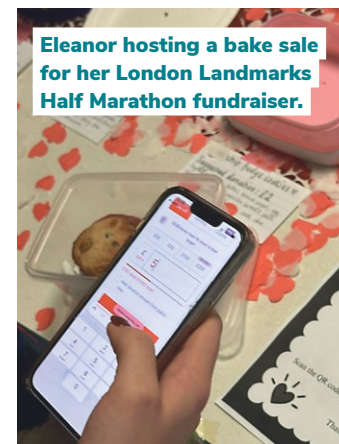
Fundraising inspiration from one of this year's London Landmarks runners

Eleanor boosted their fundraising with an office bake sale, raising £150 in total. Here are their top tips for a successful sale:

- 1. Start promoting your bake sale early,** so people can plan to be in the office that day. You can use Canva to create a free poster advertising your sale.
- 2. Ask for help.** You don't have to host your bake sale all on your own – ask colleagues to help with baking and running your stall on the day.
- 3. Have donations go directly to your fundraising page.** Create posters with a QR code linked to your fundraising page. It's an easy way for supporters to donate, and you won't need a card machine.
- 4. Ask for a suggested donation rather than a fixed donation.** Then more people will be able to donate and you'll raise more awareness.
- 5. Include an offer.** For example, cakes could be '£2 each or three for £5'. The discount helps to boost interest, encourages people to buy goodies for colleagues, and means you're less likely to have leftovers.
- 6. Update supporters on your fundraising page and share on social media.** Post a message thanking everyone who donated to your bake sale, and share the total raised. Don't forget to share some photos.



Eleanor hosting a bake sale for her London Landmarks Half Marathon fundraiser.



Already bagged a ballot place and interested in fundraising for us?

If you've received a ballot place in the London Marathon, London Landmarks Half Marathon, or any other running event, we'd love to have you on Team Anti-Slavery International. Email us at supporter@antislavery.org, and we'll support you throughout your fundraising journey.



Ranjan and Cherian took on this year's 10K run together.

Take on your own challenge like our Star Supporter Ranjan

Every year for the past four years, solicitor Ranjan has taken on a 10k run in Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia, to help end slavery.



Left to right: Ranjan's son Anand, Ranjan, Cherian.

His sons Prasad and Anand, and his friend Cherian, have each joined him for one of his challenges. This year, Ranjan and Cherian also served brunch for volunteers and supporters after the race.

What motivates Ranjan to keep on running? An incredibly committed advocate, Ranjan has been supporting Anti-Slavery International since 1967. He has not only heard about cases of modern slavery

and forced labour in his work and his neighbourhood, but members of his extended family have experienced it. This has made him concerned for victims and survivors, as well as people who could be pushed into slavery. "Everyone is at risk of becoming a victim of slavery and forced labour," he says. "Political, social and economic upheavals and war can lead even comfortably established people into slavery and forced labour if their lives were to fall into hopelessness. The war against these evils must continue."

Scan the QR code to hear from Ranjan on why he continues to run for freedom:



This article has been quoted from with the permission of the Malaysian Bar.



Ranjan and his eldest son Prasad.



Ranjan

A short guide to fundraising for Anti-Slavery International

We'd like to say a huge thank you to all our supporters who fundraise to end slavery for good. Your efforts help raise awareness of our movement and bring us closer to a world where everyone, everywhere, is free from exploitation.

Here's the change you helped make in 2025:



We've put together a short guide to help you smash your fundraising goal in 2026:

- 1. Tell your story on your fundraising page – it will inspire donations.**
If you're not sure what to write, start with what Anti-Slavery International means to you.
- 2. Share your page with all your networks:** family, friends, colleagues, any community groups you're part of, your local newspaper, and any others you can think of! If you're sharing your fundraiser on social media, make sure to tag us, and we'll share it too.
- 3. Update everyone on your progress.** JustGiving has an 'Updates' function where you can easily post updates on your page. This will help boost your fundraising and awareness of the fight to end slavery, so don't forget to also share these updates with all your networks.
- 4. Go above and beyond and host a fundraising event.**
We've put together a list of simple and effective ideas here:
If you have any questions about how you can fundraise for our movement, please get in touch at supporter@antislavery.org.



Workplace fundraising tips from our corporate partner Essential Recruitment:

- Communicate clearly why the issue matters.** When people feel like an issue is close to them they are more likely to engage with it.
- Offer people a variety of ways to get involved,** from making a one-off donation to taking on a fitness challenge.
- Get support from your leadership team.** A little extra support from senior managers can encourage more colleagues to get involved – whether that's by taking part in fundraising themselves or sending words of encouragement.

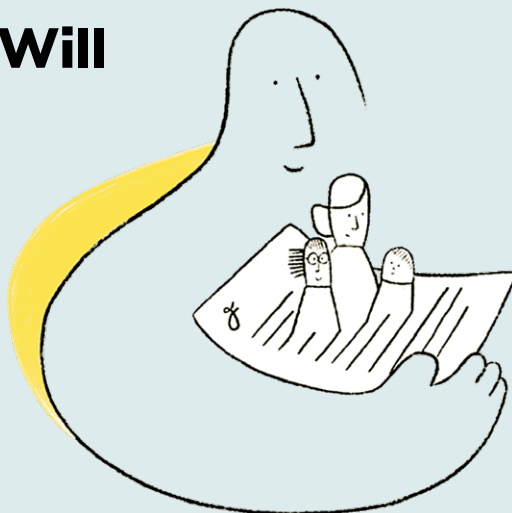


Summer and Lauren, our runners from Essential Recruitment this year.

Our exclusive free Will offer with Farewill

A Will can help make sure the people you love are taken care of after you're gone. Yet many people put off writing one. They may be concerned about the costs involved, or worry that it's complicated.

That's why this year we are partnering with Farewill, the UK's leading online Will-writing service, to offer our supporters the opportunity to write their Will for free.



How it works

The Will-writing process is designed to be as simple and stress-free as possible, and can be completed in as little as 15 minutes.

If you have any questions during the process, Farewill's specialist team are available from 9:00-18:00, Monday to Friday.

When you've submitted your Will, it's checked by the team within five working days, giving you extra peace of mind.

Making a pledge for freedom

You don't have to include a gift in your Will to Anti-Slavery International to access this offer. But if you would like to do so, you'll be joining generations of supporters over the past 180 years, sustaining our movement against slavery.

Even a small gift or percentage of your estate could help challenge injustice and push for change, while making sure your loved ones are cared for.

If you do plan to leave a gift to Anti-Slavery International in your Will, or have already done so, we'd love to hear what inspired you to support our work and why this cause matters to you.

Reach out to us at supporter@antislavery.org

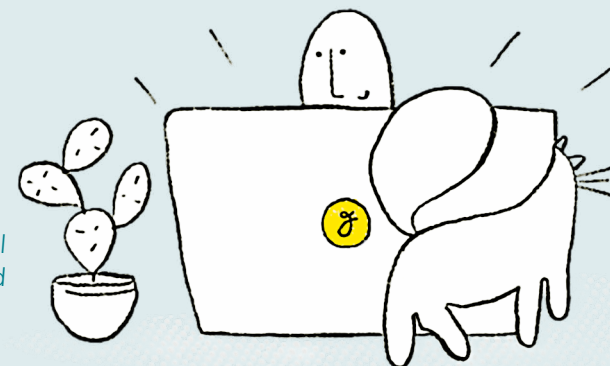
This offer is exclusively available to Anti-Slavery International supporters, and we only have a limited number of free Wills available on a first-come, first-served basis.

Join those who have written their Will with Farewill today.



“Farewill made the process simple. It gave me space to think about what matters to me, and Anti-Slavery International has always been a cause I respect. Leaving a gift felt like a small but meaningful way to stand with people who deserve safety and justice, and I was able to leave money to other charities too.”

Sarah, Anti-Slavery International supporter



Test your knowledge of modern slavery...

Circle the correct answer (answers over the page)

- Scam centres can be found worldwide, but the biggest ones are in...
 - Central Africa
 - Southeast Asia
 - South America
- Around ____ percent of the world's cotton comes from the Uyghur Region, an area linked to state-imposed forced labour.
 - 35%
 - 80%
 - 20%
- The first Reporter was published in 1825 by ____ ?
(Hint: the answer can be found in the Autumn 2025 edition of the Reporter)
 - Zachary Macaulay
 - Elizabeth Heyrick
 - Robert Wedderburn

For more information on how your gift
can create lasting change, contact us
at supporter@antislavery.org

